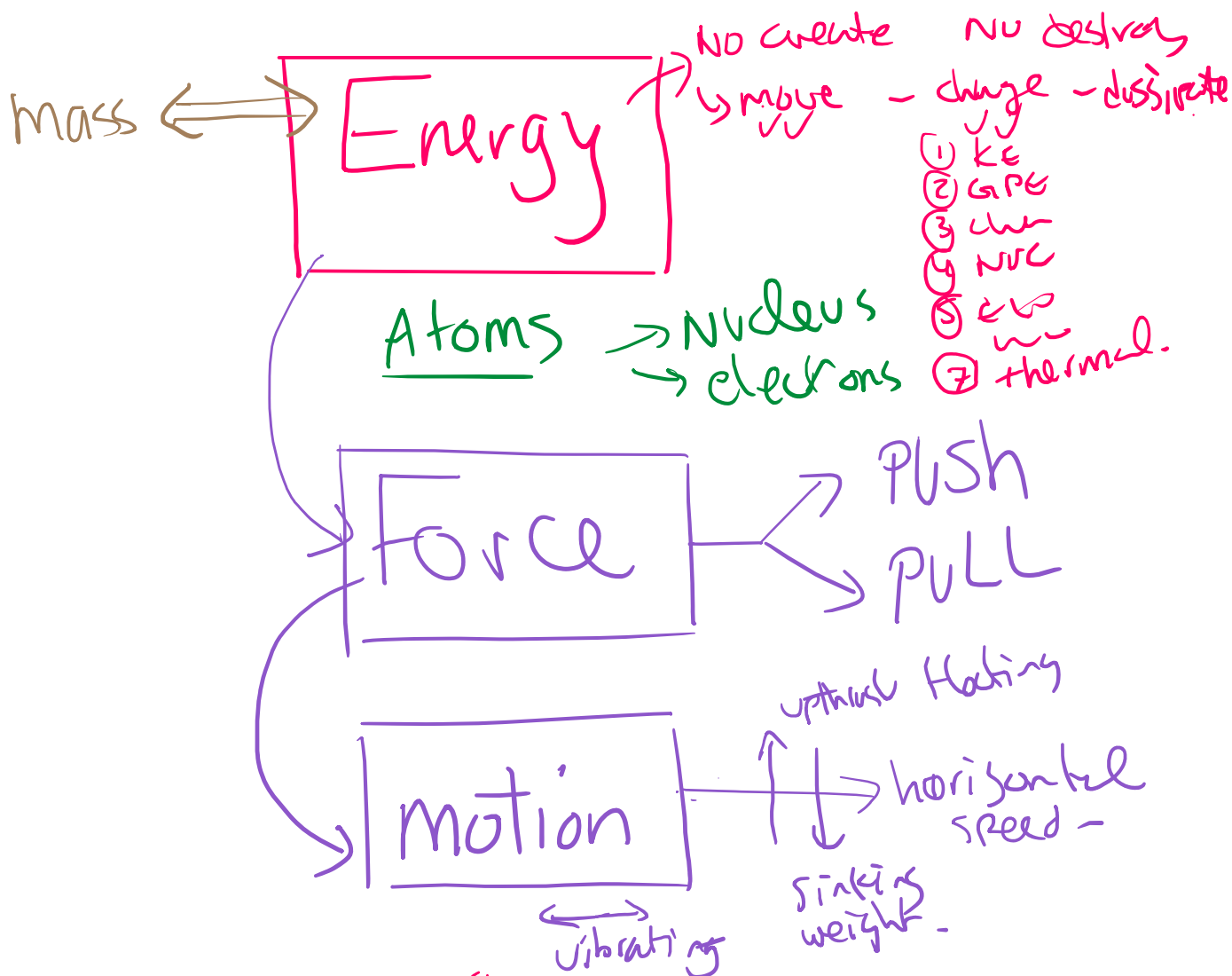




Speed acceleration graphs

mass - weight - density

forces (Newton laws)
 circular motion
 moments
 momentum -

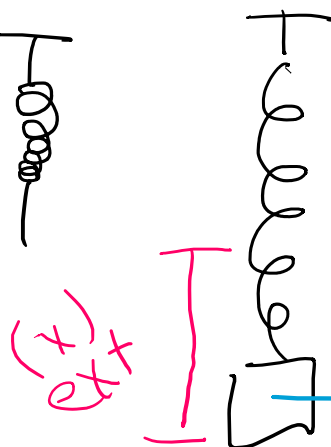
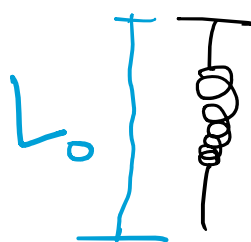
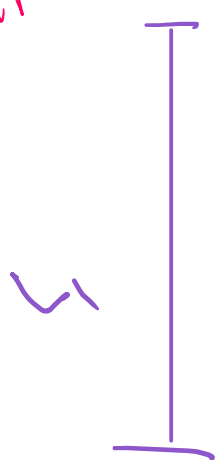
Hooke's law springs

$$k = \frac{F}{x}$$

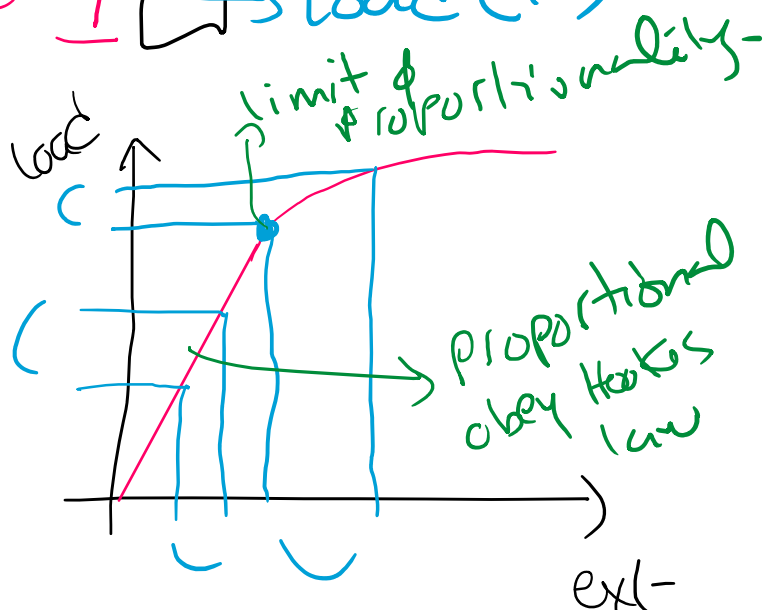
spring
constant

→ load - weight - force

→ extension
stretched length - original.



→ load (F)



$f \propto ext$

$$k = \frac{f}{x}$$

$$20 = \frac{60}{53}$$

Graphical.

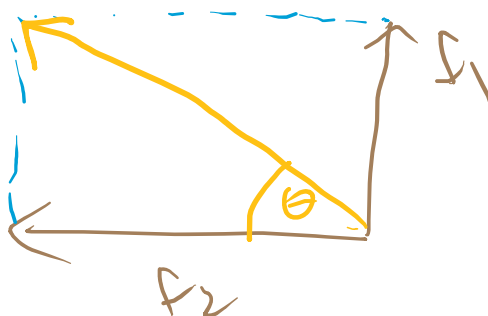
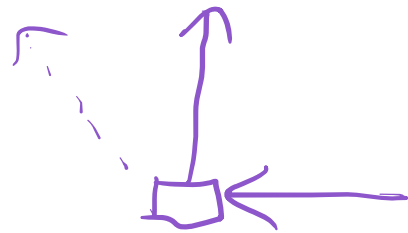
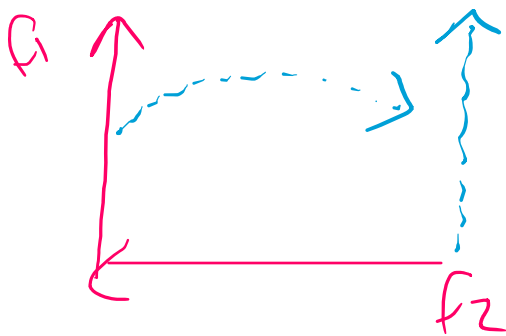
① drawing to scale.

3 km 1BL $\hat{=}$ 3 cm on paper

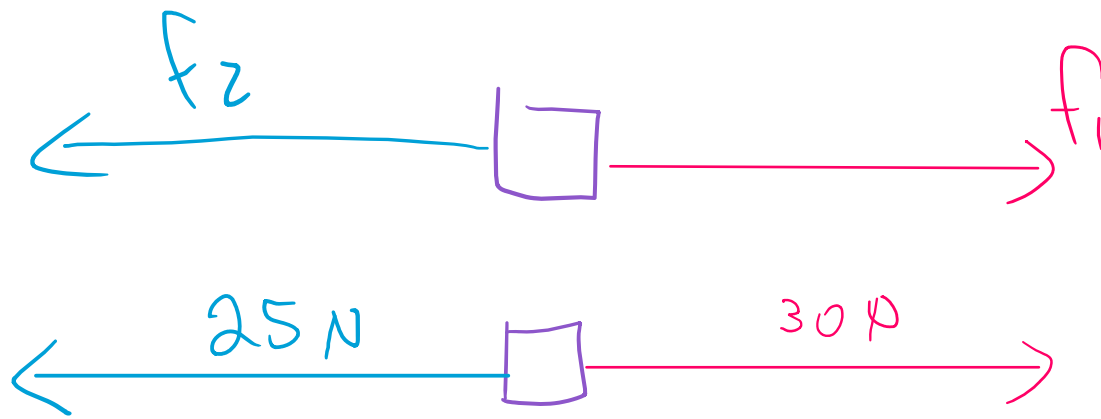
3 N $\hat{=}$ 3 cm

3 m/s $\hat{=}$ 3 cm

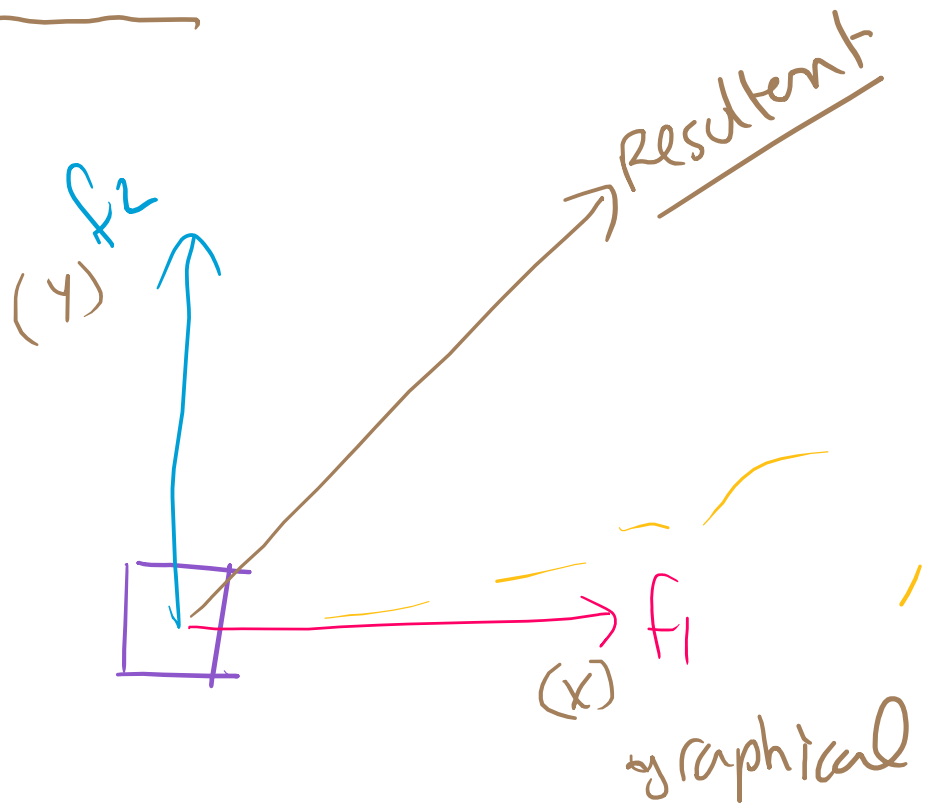
② Rearrange arrows such that their tails are together.



③ measure Resultant size & angle



$$\text{net force} = f_1 - f_2 = 30 - 25 = 5\text{ N}$$



calculation

$$\text{Net force} = \sqrt{f_1^2 + f_2^2}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$$

$$F = m a$$

$$a = \frac{v - u}{t}$$

force $\leftarrow F$ m mass a acceleration
 a new v u old v t time.

$$m = 1.2 \text{ kg}$$

$$u = 2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v = 5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$F = 4 \text{ N}$$

$$F = m a$$

$$\frac{F}{m} = a = \frac{4}{1.2}$$

$$= 3.34 \text{ m/s}^2$$

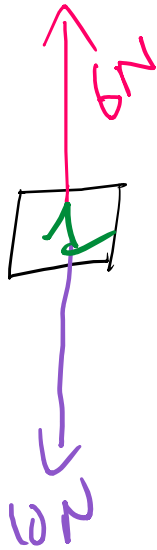
$$a = \frac{v - u}{t}$$

$$t = \frac{v - u}{a}$$

$$= \frac{5 - 2}{3.34}$$

$$= \frac{3}{3.34} = \boxed{0.9 \text{ s}}$$

AR $\uparrow \propto$ speed $\uparrow$



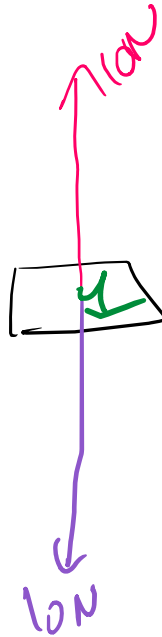
$$\text{net force} = 10 - 6 = 4$$

$$F = ma$$

$$4 = 1 \times a$$

$$\boxed{a = 4} \quad \checkmark$$

speeding
up

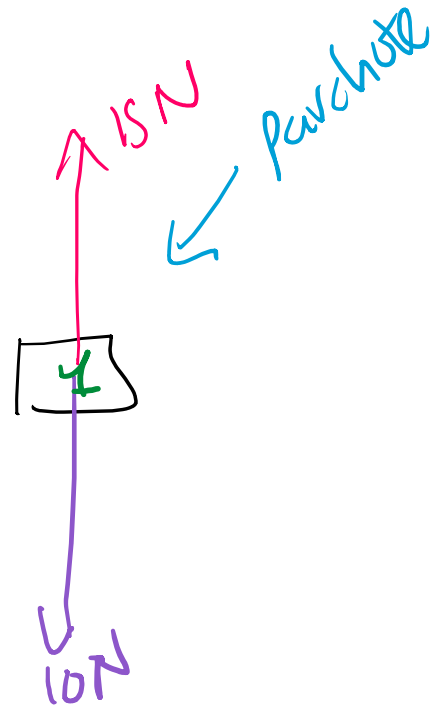


$$\text{net} = 10 - 10 = 0$$

$$0 = 1 \times a$$

$$\boxed{a = 0}$$

const speed
terminal



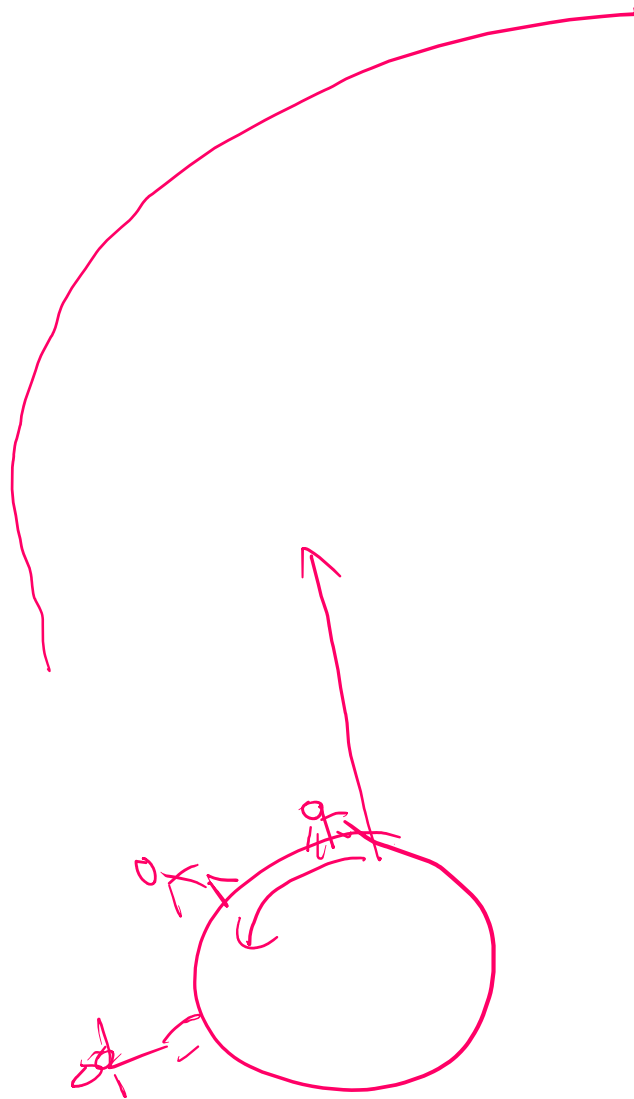
$$\text{net} = 10 - 15 = -5$$

$$-5 = 1 \times a$$

$$\boxed{a = -5}$$

deceleration
speed decreasing

$$F = ma$$



Rules

Resultant:

$$R = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x}$$

motion

$$\text{Speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$$

$u = \text{initial } v$
 $v = \text{final } v$

$$\text{av speed} = \frac{\text{total dist}}{\text{total time}} = \frac{v_1 + v_2}{2}$$

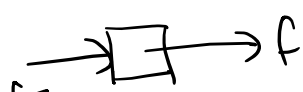
$$\text{acceleration} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{v - u}{t}$$

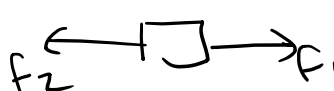
$$\text{density} = \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$$

$$\text{weight} = \text{mass} \times g$$

$\downarrow$
9.8

$\text{net force} = \text{mass} \times \text{acceleration}$

$\hookrightarrow f_1 + f_2$ 

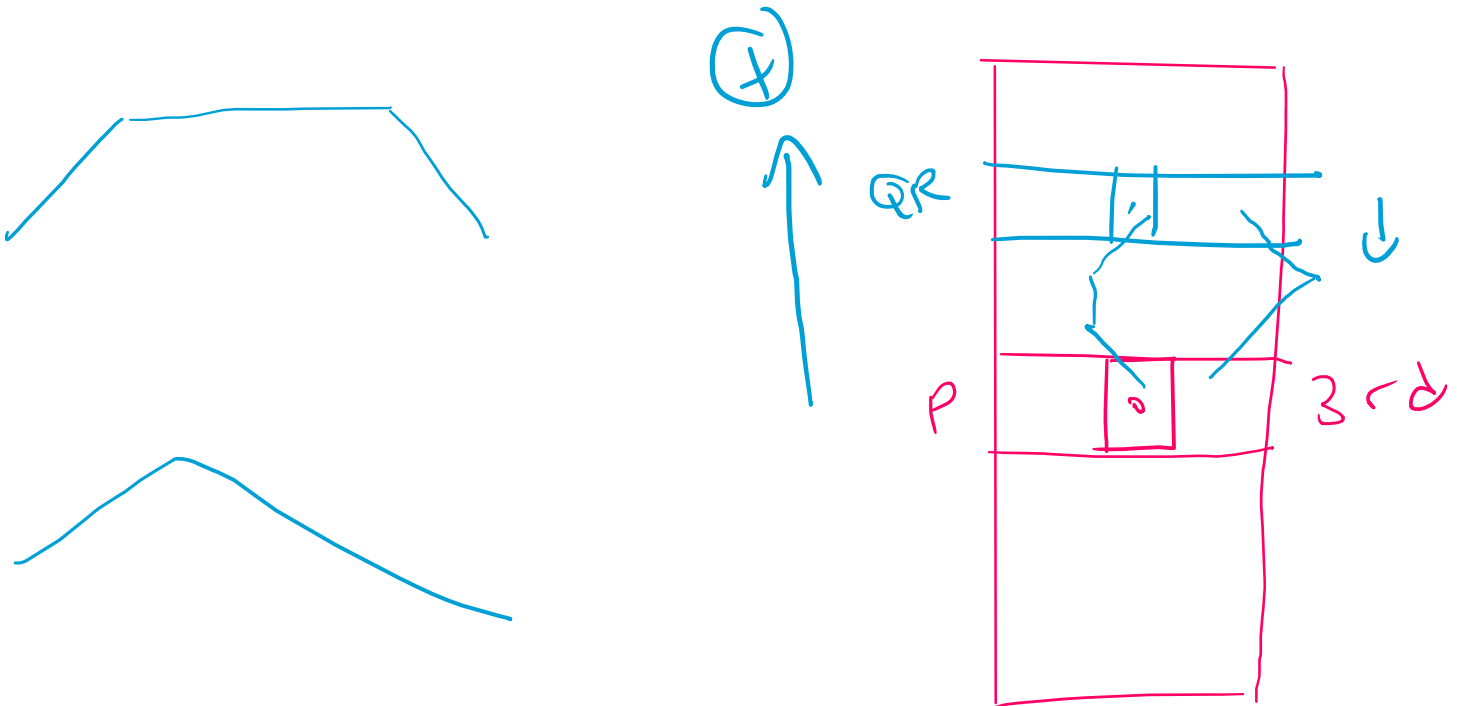
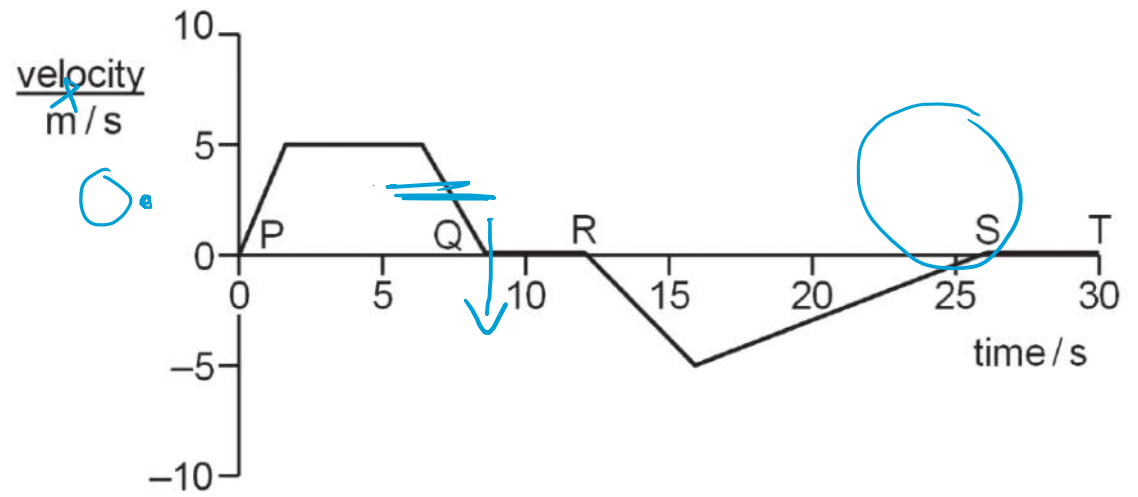
$f_1 - f_2$ 

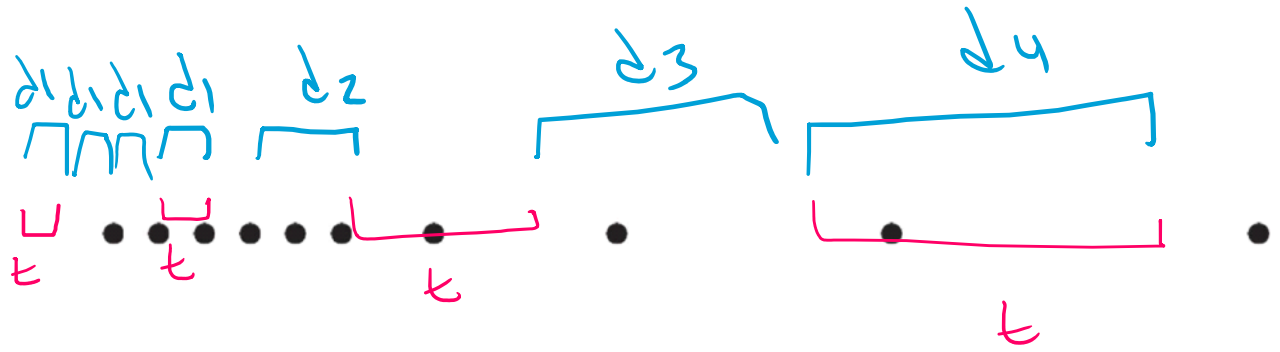
Turning effect (moment)
 $M = f \times d$ (perpendicular)

in equilibrium

net force = zero

net moment = zero (rotation)





$$s = \frac{d}{t}$$

$$s = \frac{d}{t}$$

t	s
0	0
1	0.75
2	1.5
3	2.25
4	3

0.75 m/s²

+0.75

+0.75

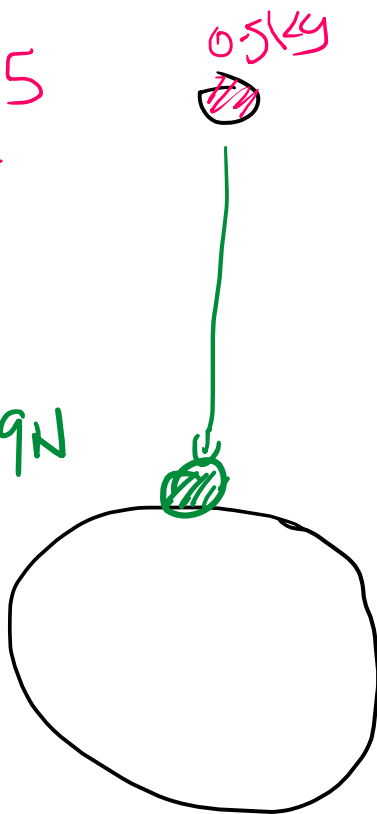
+0.75

$$W = 3.5$$
$$g = 7$$

$$m = \frac{W}{g} = \frac{3.5}{7} = 0.5 \text{ kg}$$

$$W = 4.9 \text{ N}$$
$$g = 9.8$$

$$m = 0.5 \text{ kg}$$



$$W = m \times g$$

$$g = \frac{W}{m} = \frac{N}{kg}$$

↓

9.8

$$\boxed{9.8} = \frac{9.8 \times 2}{1 \times 2}$$

$$\boxed{9.8} = \frac{19.6}{2}$$

$$\boxed{9.8} = \frac{980 \times 100}{100 \times 100} \quad \begin{matrix} W \\ \\ m \end{matrix}$$

$$W \propto m$$